of Ontario, while Winnipeg and Vancouver had much lower infantile mortality rates than their respective provinces. Over a number of years both Vancouver and Victoria have shown two of the lowest infantile mortality rates in the world.

28.—Infantile Mortality per 1,000 Live Births in Certain Cities of the World in 1934.

City.	Country.	Rate of Infantile Mortality.	City.	Country.	Rate of Infantile Mortality	
Oslo	Norway	20	Hamilton	Canada	54	
Vancouver	Canada	25	Hamburg	Germany	55	
Victoria	Canada	31	Saskatoon	Canada	55	
Wellington	New Zealand	31	Sheffield	England	55	
Amsterdam	Netherlands	34	Antwerp	Belgium	57	
Auckland	New Zealand	38	Cologne	Germany	58	
Stockholm	Sweden		Berlin	Germany	59	
Adelaide	Australia		Edinburgh	Scotland	62	
Moneton	Canada		Verdun	Canada	62	
Calgary	Canada	41	Munich	Germany	64	
Hobart	Tasmania	41	Washington	United States	65	
Perth	Australia		Saint John	Canada	66	
Brisbane	Australia		Birmingham	England	67	
Winnipeg	Canada	42	Breslau	Germany	67	
Capetown	U. of S. Africa	43	Leipzig	Germany	67	
Frankfort-on-Main	Germany		London	England	67	
Brandon	Canada		Manchester	England	69	
Regina	Canaoa	44	Ottawa	Canada	71	
Sydney	Australia		Halifax	Canada	73	
Copenhagen	Denmark	45	Paris	France	76	
Dresden	Germany		Cork	Irish Free State	78	
Edmonton	Canada		Johannesburg	U. of S. Africa	79	
Windsor	Canada	47	Liverpool	England	80	
Chicago	United States	48	Montreal	Canada	89	
London	Canada		Glasgow	Scotland	98	
Melbourne	Australia	48	Quebec	Canada	124	
Toronto	Canada		Madras	British India	232	
New York	United States		Bombay	India	247	

Maternal Mortality.—Of cognate interest with infantile mortality is the maternal mortality arising out of child-birth. This maternal mortality is shown by Table 29 to be at its lowest among mothers under twenty-five years of age. The mortality among mothers of different ages per 1,000 live births is shown for the years 1933-35; averages are also shown for the years 1926-30 and 1931-35. The maternal mortality is shown by provinces and age groups in Table 30 and by causes of death in Table 31.

 Maternal Deaths in Canada, by Age Groups, with Rates per 1,000 Live Births, 1933-35, and Five-Year Averages for 1926-30 and 1931-35.

Note.—Comparable figures for 1926-32 will be found at p. 208 of the 1934-35 Year Book.

Age Group.	Year.	Living Births.	Maternal Deaths.				E E	Maternal Deaths.	
			No.	Rate per 1,000 Living Births.	ĺ	Year.	Living Births.	No.	Rate per 1,000 Living Births.
Under 20 years	1933 1934 1935	14,104 13,454	44 67 47	3·1 5·0 3·4	40 years or	1933	13,466	136	10-1
20-24 years	1933 1934	13,671 55,906 55,137	192 211 202	3·4 3·8 3·6	over	1934 1935	13,610 13,217	155 116	11-3 8-7
25-29 years	1935 1933 1934	56,245 62,068 61,911	257 236	4·1 3·8	Averages Averages Totals <sup>1</sup>	1926-30 1931-35 1933	236,520 228,352 222,868	1,339 1,154 1,111	5.7 5.1 5.0
30-39 years	1935 1933 1934 1935	62,296 77,324 77,186 76,022	261 482 498 467	4·2 6·2 6·5	Totals <sup>1</sup>	1934 1935	221,303 221,451	1,167 1,093	5.3 4.9